CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 31, 2014



Collins Barrow Red Deer LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of Village of Cremona

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Village of Cremona, which comprises of the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014 and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Village of Cremona as at December 31, 2014, the results of its operations, changes in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Red Deer, Alberta April 21, 2015

Chartered Accountants

Collins Barrow Red Deer LLP



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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2014

	2014	2013
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	\$ 1,279,660	\$ 1,052,038
Receivables Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 3) Trade and other receivables	87,512 190,241	113,100 41,130
Land held for resale	24,398	22,398
Investments	11,235	10,856
	1,593,046	1,239,522
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposit liabilities (Note 5) Deferred revenue (Note 6) Capital lease obligation (Note 7)	 97,572 24,670 589,372 48,600	62,050 22,045 373,653
	 760,214	457,748
CONTINGENCY (Note 13)		
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	832,832	781,774
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Prepaid expenses	3,985,115 9,797	3,792,426 3,630
	3,994,912	3,796,056
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1, Note 8)	\$ 4,827,744	\$ 4,577,830

Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Budget (unaudited)		2014		2013
REVENUE			_		
Net Municipal Taxes (Schedule 3)	\$	358,500	\$	358,222	\$ 350,945
User fees and sales of goods		229,260		230,501	234,799
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4)		338,500		316,934	161,424
Investment Income		10,250		11,228	6,269
Penalties and costs on taxes		17,000		23,710	21,443
Licenses and permits Franchise and concession contracts		9,300 40,500		3,808 51,922	8,497 42,147
Other		5,100		8,795	17,930
		1,008,410		1,005,119	 843,454
EXPENSES					
Legislative		42,500		16,152	13,108
Administration		286,000		280,782	333,085
Protective services		45,560		36,641	82,217
Transportation		211,800		217,920	103,441
Utilities		316,800		279,793	283,681
Community services		70,750		70,341	72,699
Subdivision land and development		5,000		1,690	4,431
Parks and recreation		12,700		21,369	12,081
Culture		22,250		19,237	 29,663
		1,013,360		943,925	 934,406
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - BEFORE OTHER		(4,950)		61,194	(90,952)
OTHER					
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)		30,000		188,720	 90,290
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		25,050		249,914	(662)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,577,830		4,577,830	 4,578,492
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR (note 8)	\$	4,602,880	\$	4,827,744	\$ 4,577,830

VILLAGE OF CREMONA Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Budget (unaudited)			2014	2013		
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENS	SES \$	25,050	\$	249,914	\$	(662)	
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds from disposition of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in inventories and prepaid expenses		- - - -		(314,456) 111,368 14,100 (3,700) (6,168)		(86,107) 99,404 - - (3,629)	
Increase in net financial assets		25,050		51,058		9,006	
Net Financial Assets, Beginning of Year		781,774		781,774		772,768	
Net Financial Assets, End of Year	\$	806,824	\$	832,832	\$	781,774	

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2014

	2014	2013
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOL	LOWING ACTIVITI	ES:
OPERATING Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$ 249,914 111,368 (3,700)	\$ (662) 99,404
Non-cash charges to operations (net change): Decrease (increase) in taxes and accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Net change in other working capital balances Increase in deferred revenue	(123,523) 38,147 (8,167) 215,719	171,146 (53,740) (12,644) 91,184
Cash provided by operating transactions CAPITAL Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds of disposal of tangible capital assets	(257,558) 14,100	294,688 (86,107)
FINANCING AND INVESTING Capital lease obligation repaid Change in investments	(243,458) (8,298) (380)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	(8,678) 227,622 1,052,038	(224) 208,357 843,681
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,279,660	\$ 1,052,038

During the year the Village purchased equipment through capital leases in the amount of \$56,898. These transactions have been excluded from the statement of cash flows as they are non-cash transactions.

Consolidated Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus For the year ended December 31, 2014

Schedule 1

		restricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in gible Capital Assets	2014	2013
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	588,753	\$ 196,651	\$ 3,792,426	\$ 4,577,830	\$ 4,578,492
Excess (shortfall) of revenues over expenses		249,914	-	-	249,914	(662)
Tangible capital assets acquired		(314,456)	-	314,456	-	-
Disposal of tangible captial assets		10,400	-	(10,400)	-	-
Capital lease obligation		56,898		(56,898)		
Capital leases repaid		(8,298)		8,298		
Transfer to restricted surplus		(643,479)	643,479			
Annual amortization expense		111,368	-	(111,368)	-	-
Change in accumulated surplus		(537,653)	643,479	144,088	249,914	(662)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	51,100	\$ 840,130	\$ 3,936,514	\$ 4,827,744	\$ 4,577,830

VILLAGE OF CREMONA Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For the year ended December 31, 2014

Schedule 2

		Land	lmį	Land provements	Buildings	Engineered Structures	lachinery & Equipment	,	Vehicles	2014	2013
COST: Balance, beginning of year	\$	111,940	\$	80,161	\$ 82,536	\$ 5,238,820	\$ 145,217	\$	25,309	\$ 5,683,983	\$ 5,597,876
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Disposal of tangible capital assets		-		- -	-	188,990 -	100,736 (47,755)		24,730 (25,039)	 314,456 (72,794)	86,107 -
Balance, end of year		111,940)	80,161	82,536	5,427,810	198,198		25,000	 5,925,645	 5,683,983
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION Balance, beginning of year		-		36,226	52,927	1,689,914	87,451		25,039	1,891,557	1,792,153
Annual amortization Accumulated amortization on disposals	s	- -		2,470 -	1,648 -	97,813 -	8,187 (37,356)		1,250 (25,039)	111,368 (62,395)	 99,404
Balance, end of year		-		38,696	54,575	1,787,727	58,282		1,250	1,940,530	1,891,557
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	111,940	\$	41,465	\$ 27,961	\$ 3,640,083	\$ 139,916	\$	23,750	\$ 3,985,115	\$ 3,792,426

Consolidated Schedule of Property and Other Taxes For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Budget (unaudited)			2014	<u>?</u> 014	
TAXATION						
Real property taxes	\$	272,200	\$	382,664	\$	378,879
Non-residential and linear property taxes		216,200		105,258		107,904
		488,400		487,922		486,783
REQUISITIONS						
Alberta School Foundation Fund		123,000		122,796		132,211
Mountain View Seniors' Housing		6,900		6,904		3,627
		129,900	-	129,700		135,838
		.20,000		.20,100		,
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$	358,500	\$	358,222	\$	350,945

Consolidated Schedule of Government Transfers For the year ended December 31, 2014

SCHEDULE 4

	Budget (unaudited)		2014		2013
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING: Provincial Government	\$ 269,875	\$	260.647	\$	55,309
Local Government	68,625	Ψ	56,287	Ψ 	106,115
	338,500		316,934		161,424
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL:					
Provincial Government	30,000		188,720		90,290
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 368,500	\$	505,654	\$	251,714

Consolidated Schedule of Expenses by Object For the year ended December 31, 2014

Schedule 5

	Budget (unaudited)	2014	2013
EXPENDITURES			
Contracted and purchased services	\$ 457,300	\$ 397,244	\$ 321,204
Salaries, wages, and benefits	288,500	248,789	299,574
Amortization of tangible capital assets	76,800	111,368	99,404
Materials, goods, supplies, and utilities	96,950	96,754	76,792
Grants to other organizations	91,810	88,278	105,702
Provision for allowances	1,000	2,728	15,907
Bank charges and short term interest	1,000	2,464	1,553
(Gain) loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		(3,700)	14,270
Total Expenses	\$ 1,013,360	\$ 943,925	\$ 934,406

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Village of Cremona are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the village are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Village and are, therefore, accountable to the Village Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognized the loss.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Land Held for Sale

Land held for sale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as tangible capital assets under the respective function.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include: estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets and valuation of tangible capital assets. Actual results may differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Consolidated Changes in Net Financial Assets for the year.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Non-Financial Assets (continued)

a. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Land Improvements	10 - 45
Buildings	25 - 50
Engineering structures	
Water system	5 - 65
Wastewater system	45 - 75
Other engineered structures	45 - 75
Machinery and equipment	5 - 40
Vehicles	10 - 40

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

b. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

c. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

d. Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Cultural and historical assets are not recorded in these financial statements.

2. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

		2014	2013
Cash Temporary Investments	\$	1,234,580 45,080	\$ 1,007,357 44,681
	\$	1,279,660	\$ 1,052,038

Temporary investments are comprised of various Mountain View Credit Union Ltd. treasury bill interest savings accounts in the amount of \$45,080 (2013 - \$44,681) that earn 1% interest per year, payable monthly.

The Village received certain Alberta Government grants that are restricted in their use and are to be utilized as funding for certain projects. Since certain projects have not been completed for which this restricted funding has been received, \$589,372 (2013 - \$373,653) is not available for general use by the Village (Note 6).

Contained in the cash account is \$24,670 (2013 - \$22,045) that is restricted and is not available for general use by the Village (Note 5).

The Village has an undrawn \$250,000 operating line of credit, bearing interest at the bank prime rate (currently 2.85%).

3. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

	2014	2013
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables Arrears taxes	\$ 49,605 37,907	\$ 64,770 58,121
Less: Allowance for uncollected taxes Less: Prepaid amounts	 90,012 2,500	122,891 7,402 2,389
	\$ 87,512	\$ 113,100

4. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of shares in Mountain View Credit Union.

5. **DEPOSIT LIABILITIES**

The Village maintains utility deposits of \$24,670. (2013 - \$22,045)

6. **DEFERRED REVENUE**

	2014		2013	
Municipal Sustainability Initiative Grant (Capital)	\$	189,431	\$	270,680
Federal Gas Tax Grant (New Deal)		153,478		101,333
Albera Wastewater Partnership (AWWP)		246,463		-
Basic Municipal Transportation Grant		-		1,640
	\$	589,372	\$	373,653

Municipal Sustainability Initiative (Capital Grant)

Funds received for the grant are to be used for the eligible approved capital projects for water and roads. All interest earned on the grant funds must be applied to the eligible project.

Federal Gas Tax Fund

These funds are to be utilized for eligible expenditures incurred related to road work accepted by the minister. All interest earned on the grant funds must be applied to the eligible project.

Alberta Wastewater Partnership Grant

Funds received for the grant are to be used for eligible approved projects. All interest earned on the grant funds must be applied to the eligible projects.

Basic Municipal Transportation Grant

These funds are to be utilized for eligible expenditures incurred for eligible expenses related to road work accepted by the minister. All interest earned on the grant funds must be applied to the eligible project.

7. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

Capital leases payable by and issued in the name of the Village include the following amounts:

Obligations under capital contracts, repayable \$1,185 monthly, expiring May, 2018, secured by the specific purchased assets as noted below. The capital contracts have an interest rate of 0%.

Asset Classification	Book Value	Amortization	Net Book Value	
Machinery & Equipment	60,220	2,711	57,509	
Total	60,220	2,711	57,509	

Principal and interest payments for the next 5 years are as follows:

	Р	Principal		Interest		Total		
2015	\$	14,224		-	\$	14,224		
2016		14,224		-		14,224		
2017		14,224		-		14,224		
2018		5,927				5,927		
	\$	48,600	\$	-	\$	48,600		

8. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	2014	2013	
Unrestricted Surplus	\$ 51,100	\$ 588,75	
Restricted Surplus: Operating contingency	51,000	51,00	
Roads, streets, walks and lighting	704,579	61,10	
Water and wastewater	84,551	84,55	
Equity in tangible capital assets	 3,936,514	4 3,792,42	
	\$ 4,827,744	\$ 4,577,83	
EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2014	2013	
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2) Capital lease obligation (Note 7)	\$ 5,925,645 (1,940,530) (48,600)	\$ 5,683,98 (1,891,58	
	\$ 3,936,515	\$ 3,792,4	

10. **DEBT LIMIT**

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Village of Cremona be disclosed as follows:

	2014	2013
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 1,507,679 48,600	\$ 1,265,181 -
Amount of debt limit unused	1,459,079	1,265,181
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	251,280 14,224	210,864
Amount below limit on debt service	\$ 237,054	\$ 210,864

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

11. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the Chief Administrative Officer and designated officers as required by provincial regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

					2013		
	# of		Benefits &		# of		
	Persons	Salary (1)	Allowances (2)	<u>Total</u>	<u>Persons</u>	<u>Total</u>	
		\$	\$	\$		\$	
Mayor							
Hagen, T	1	3,100	75	3,175	1	1,065	
Abrams, L	1			-	1	1,181	
Councilors							
Bigelow, M	1	2,718	44	2,762	1	980	
Reid, R	1	1,886	22	1,908	1	150	
Shi, J	1	2,513	42	2,555	1	675	
Temple, S	1	2,175	44	2,219	1	1,015	
Beckman, K	1		-	-	1	1,500	
Whittle, M	1			-	1	742	
Chief Administra	ative Officer 1	56,331	-	56,331	3	122,224	

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11. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE continued

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Employer's share of all employee benefits including CPP and Workers' Compensation.
- (3) In October, 2013 the Town of Didsbury began providing CAO services to the Village.

12. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Village participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is covered by the *Public Sector Pensions Plan Act.* The LAPP serves about 227,000 people and 428 employers. The Plan is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Village is required to make current service contributions to the plan of 11.39% of the pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

The current service contributions by the Village to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2014 were Nil (2013 - \$2,066). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Village to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2014 were Nil. (2013 - \$1,868)

At December 31, 2013, the Plan disclosed an actuarial deficit of \$4.86 Billion (2012 - \$4.98 Billion). LAPP has not yet disclosed the actuarial deficit as at December 31, 2014.

13. CONTINGENCY

The Village Is a member of the Alberta Local Authorities Reciprocal Insurance Exchange. Under the terms of membership, the Village could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Village's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, receivables, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deposit liabilities. It is management's opinion that the village is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, market or liquidity risks arising from these financial instruments except as follows:

The Village is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the village provides sevices may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March, 2015 the Village received 2014 grant money from the Basic Municipal Transportation Grant for \$27,420 and MSI Capital Funding for \$179,586.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In 2013, Mountain View County entered into an agreement to provide administrative support services to Cremona. The agreement began October 1, 2013. Cremona pays a monthly fee which is an approximation of variable and fixed costs associated with the administrative support and does not contain a profit component, the total amount paid in 2014 is \$36,000 (2013 - \$9,000). Related to the transition of Cremona's records an additional amount of \$25,000 (2013 - \$12,755) was paid to the County.

17. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and management have approved these financial statements.